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APPLICATION N	IO. F	ILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/609,147	-	06/27/2003	Ronald Knegtel	VPI/02-110 US	6705
27916	7590	07/14/2004		EXAMINER	
		ACEUTICALS	WARD, PAUL V		
130 WAVERLY STREET CAMBRIDGE, MA 02139-4242				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	ŕ			1623	
				DATE MAILED: 07/14/2004	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summany	10/609,147	KNEGTEL ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
_	PAUL V WARD	1623					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	16(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) day ill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	nely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status							
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on	<u>.</u>						
2a) ☐ This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☒ This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is							
closed in accordance with the practice under E	x parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 45	53 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims							
4) Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6) Claim(s) is/are rejected.	Claim(s) is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) <u>1-33</u> are subject to restriction and/or e	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner	ſ.						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the o	drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See	e 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	, -, -	•					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)	)-(d) or (f).					
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage							
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	of the certified copies not receive	ed.					
		•					
Attachment(s)							
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary						
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08)	Paper No(s)/Mail Da	ate atent Application (PTO-152)					
Paper No(s)/Mail Date	6) Other:	( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					

## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Election/Restrictions

Restriction to one of the following inventions is required under 35 U.S.C. 121:

- The compounds according to claim 1 of formula I, wherein X is C.
   These are classifiable in class 546, subclass 153.
- II. The compounds according to claim 1 of formula I, wherein X is N.
  These are classifiable in class 544, subclass 283.
- III. The method according to claim 22 of formula I, wherein X is C.
  This claim is drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 307.
- IV. The method according to claim 22 of formula I, wherein X is N.
  This claim is drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 259.
- V. The methods according to claim 23, 26 and 30. These claims are drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 183.
- VI. The methods according to claims 24 and 25. These claims are drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 183.
- VII. The methods according to claims 27-28. These claims are drawn to a method for preserving cells that is classifiable in class 435, subclass 252.1+.

- VIII. The method according to claim 31, of formula I wherein X is C.

  This claim is drawn to a process that is classifiable in class 546, subclass 153+.
- IX. The method according to claim 31, of formula I wherein X is N.

  This claim is drawn to a process that is classifiable in class 544, subclass 283.
- X. The method according to claim 31, of formula I, wherein X is C.This claim is drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 307.
- XI. The method according to claim 31, of formula I, wherein X is N.
  This claim is drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 259.
- XII. The method according to claims 32. These claims are drawn to a method of treatment that is classifiable in class 514, subclass 183.
- XIII. The compounds according to claim 32 of formula IIA, wherein X isC. These are classifiable in class 546, subclass 153.
- XIV. The compounds according to claim 32 of formula IIA, wherein X isN. These are classifiable in class 544, subclass 259.

Inventions in Group I-II and Group III-V and VII are related as product and process of use. The inventions can be shown to be distinct if either or both of the following can be shown: (1) the process for using the product as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product or (2) the product as claimed can be used in a materially different process of using that product (MPEP

§ 806.05(h)). In the instant case the process as claimed can be practiced with another materially different product such as protease inhibitors.

Inventions Groups I-XIV and Groups XIII-XIV are related as mutually exclusive species in an intermediate-final product relationship. Distinctness is proven for claims in this relationship if the intermediate product is useful to make other than the final product (MPEP § 806.04(b), 3rd paragraph), and the species are patentably distinct (MPEP § 806.04(h)). In the instant case, the intermediate product is deemed to be useful for preparing compounds to treat disease where capase activity is implicated and the inventions are deemed patentably distinct since there is nothing on this record to show them to be obvious variants. Should applicant traverse on the ground that the species are not patentably distinct, applicant should submit evidence or identify such evidence now of record showing the species to be obvious variants or clearly admit on the record that this is the case. In either instance, if the examiner finds one of the inventions anticipated by the prior art, the evidence or admission may be used in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) of the other invention.

The inventions of Groups I-XIV are separate and patentably distinct because there is no patentable co-action among them and a reference anticipating one member will not render another obvious.

Because these inventions are distinct for the reasons given above and have acquired a separate status in the art because of their recognized divergent subject matter and different classification, a search of the three groups

Application/Control Number: 10/609,147

Art Unit: 1623

designated above would impose an undue burden upon the examiner, and restriction for examination purposes as indicated is proper.

A telephone call was made to Lisa A. Dixon on July 9, 2004 to request an oral election to the above restriction requirement, but did not result in an election being made.

Applicant is requested to elect a specifically disclosed species of the invention to be examined for search purposes.

The examiner has required restriction between product and process claims. Where applicant elects claims directed to the product, and a product claim is subsequently found allowable, withdrawn process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the allowable product claim will be rejoined in accordance with the provisions of MPEP § 821.04. Process claims that depend from or otherwise include all the limitations of the patentable product will be entered as a matter of right if the amendment is presented prior to final rejection or allowance, whichever is earlier. Amendments submitted after final rejection are governed by 37 CFR 1.116; amendments submitted after allowance are governed by 37 CFR 1.312.

In the event of rejoinder, the requirement for restriction between the product claims and the rejoined process claims will be withdrawn, and the rejoined process claims will be fully examined for patentability in accordance with 37 CFR 1.104. Thus, to be allowable, the rejoined claims must meet all criteria for patentability including the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 101, 102, 103, and 112. Until an elected product claim is found allowable, an otherwise proper restriction

requirement between product claims and process claims may be maintained. Withdrawn process claims that are not commensurate in scope with an allowed product claim will not be rejoined. See "Guidance on Treatment of Product and Process Claims in light of In re Ochiai, In re Brouwer and 35 U.S.C. § 103(b)," 1184 O.G. 86 (March 26, 1996). Additionally, in order to retain the right to rejoinder in accordance with the above policy, Applicant is advised that the process claims should be amended during prosecution either to maintain dependency on the product claims or to otherwise include the limitations of the product claims. Failure to do so may result in a loss of the right to rejoinder. Further, note that the prohibition against double patenting rejections of 35 U.S.C. 121 does not apply where the restriction requirement is withdrawn by the examiner before the patent issues. See MPEP § 804.01.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to PAUL V WARD whose telephone number is 571-272-2909. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 8 am to 4 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Johann Richter can be reached on 571-272-0642. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Application/Control Number: 10/609,147

Art Unit: 1623

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from

Page 7

the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information

for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public

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Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-

direct.uspto.gov.

Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the

Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

Paul V. Ward

Patent Examiner

Art Unit: 1621

Johann R. Richter, Ph.D., Esq. Supervisory Patent Examiner, Technology Center 1600